

**ВСЕРОССИЙСКАЯ ОЛИМПИАДА ШКОЛЬНИКОВ
ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ 2024-2025 уч. г.
МУНИЦИПАЛЬНЫЙ ЭТАП. 7-8 КЛАССЫ.**

ИНСТРУКЦИЯ

Время выполнения - 90 минут. Максимальное кол-во баллов – 56.

Уважаемый участник олимпиады!

Вам предстоит выполнить письменные задания.

Время выполнения заданий письменного тура (**90 минут**).

Выполнение заданий целесообразно организовать следующим образом:

- не спеша, внимательно прочитайте формулировку задания;
- напишите правильный вариант ответа в бланке ответов (Answer Sheet);
- после выполнения всех предложенных заданий еще раз
- удостоверьтесь в правильности ваших ответов;
- если потребуется корректировка выбранного Вами варианта ответа, то
- неправильный вариант ответа зачеркните крестиком и рядом напишите новый.

Предупреждаем Вас, что:

- при оценке тестовых заданий, где необходимо определить один правильный ответ, 0 баллов выставляется за неверный ответ, а также в случае, если участником отмечены несколько ответов (в том числе правильный), или все ответы;
- при оценке тестовых заданий, где необходимо определить все правильные ответы, 0 баллов выставляется, если участником отмечены неверные ответы, большее количество ответов, чем предусмотрено в задании (в том числе правильные ответы), или все ответы.

Задание письменного тура считается выполненным, если Вы вовремя сдаете его членам жюри.

Желаем удачи!

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МУНИЦИПАЛЬНЫЙ ЭТАП. 7-8 КЛАССЫ.
ПИСЬМЕННЫЙ ТУР.**

БЛАНК ЗАДАНИЙ

Время выполнения - 90 минут. Максимальное кол-во баллов – 56.

LISTENING – 7 баллов, 10 минут

Task 1. Listen to what a young woman Shelly says about her job. For questions 1-7, listen and complete the sentences with a word or short phrase. You will hear the recording twice.

A successful young ice cream seller

Shelly decided to study (1) at university because she first considered being a teacher.

Shelly was inspired to start her own business because she was (2) by the choice of ice cream flavours.

Shelly's early ice cream was popular in the (3), especially with children.

Shelly thinks her ice cream maker looks like a (4) because of its size and colour.

Shelly uses the word (5) to describe how she feels about her ice cream.

Shelly cares about her (6) which is why she likes creating unusual flavours.

Shelly gives the example of (7) as a popular flavour when the weather's hot.

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET!

Task 1. 1 Read the text and choose the correct answers.

Landmarks

The Taj Mahal (India) is one of the most beautiful buildings in the world. Made of white marble, with one main dome and two smaller domes, it is surrounded by four towers and has a lake and gardens in front of it. It was built by Emperor Shah Jahan in memory of his wife Mumtaz Mahal. The building was finished in 1653. Originally an identical building of black marble was going to be built but it was never started.

Stonehenge (UK) is probably the world's most famous prehistoric building. It is a stone circle that archeologists believe was constructed sometime between 3000–2000BC. Mystery surrounds Stonehenge – it was built before written records existed so nobody knows exactly why it was built or what for. Experts disagree about whether it was a burial place, an ancient observatory or a religious centre. Equally mysterious is how it was built, since the stones are huge and heavy and nobody knows how they were transported to Stonehenge from South Wales, a distance of over two hundred kilometres.

The Great Wall of China (China) is a landmark which some people say is visible from space. It is made of stone, earth, wood and other materials and stretches for over 6,200 kilometres. The present wall, which dates from the 14th century, was made by repairing and joining up existing walls to keep out the enemies of the Chinese. The wall was also used as a transport route.

The Statue of Liberty (USA) was designed by Frederic Bartholdi and was a gift from the people of France to America. It shows Libertas, the Roman goddess of freedom. The statue wears a crown and carries a torch with a flame in her right hand. In her left hand she holds a book which symbolises the law. Work started on the statue in the 1870s and it was finished in 1886. The statue, made of metal, was made in France and then transported to America. The base was built of stone and paid for by Americans by public donation – over 120,000 people contributed, most paying less than \$1.

1. Which is **not** true about the Taj Mahal?
 - a There are two buildings, one white and one black.
 - b It was built by an emperor in memory of his wife.
 - c It was finished in the seventeenth century.
 - d It has beautiful gardens.
2. Stonehenge
 - a was built as an ancient observatory.
 - b was a religious centre in prehistoric times.
 - c has ancient written records about its construction.
 - d is an important prehistoric construction that is very well-known.
3. The stones that were used to build Stonehenge
 - a are from an area near the site.
 - b were probably not difficult to transport.
 - c came from over two hundred kilometres away.
 - d are 2,000 – 3,000 years old.
4. The Great Wall of China
 - a is not as long as it was in the 14th century.
 - b is made from several different materials.
 - c was originally built to keep out the Chinese.
 - d was built as a transport route.
5. The Statue of Liberty
 - a was paid for by the Americans.
 - b holds objects in both hands, which symbolise freedom.
 - c is a statue of the Roman goddess called Libertas.
 - d was given as a symbol of America.
6. Which is true about the base the statue stands on?
 - a Over 120,000 people helped to pay for it.
 - b Each contributor paid at least a dollar.
 - c The base was transported to the USA by boat.
 - d The base was made in France.

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET!

Task 1. Choose three words from the table for each word group. There are 6 extra words that you do not need.

arch	herd	moorland	bay	globe	concrete	lagoon
blank	tower	aqueduct	sundial	bridge	clarinet	brick
marble	cathedral	thunderbolt	lake	grassland	dome	steeps

Man-made landmarks: (1)_____ (2) _____ (3)

Building materials: (4)_____ (5) _____ (6)

Architectural features: (7)_____ (8) _____ (9)

Water landscape features: (10)_____ (11) _____

(12) _____

Types of landscape: (13)_____ (14) _____ (15)

Task 2. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap.

Fix it with friends

We have all got used to buying new things, using them for a while and then throwing them away. But it (16) become clear in recent years that this is not sustainable, as we are generating huge amounts of waste. (17)..... a response to this, many people are setting up informal cafés (18) people can bring broken items for repair. The cafés provide tools, help from volunteers and plenty (19)..... friendly chat. Dan, twenty-two, works at a repair café in Bristol. ‘Many modern devices are difficult to repair (20)..... you have the correct tools and a bit of knowledge,’ he says. ‘I don’t have any qualifications, so I’ve just picked things (21)..... as I’ve gone along.’ The emphasis is on teaching people. ‘We don’t repair things for people,’ Dan says. ‘What we do (22)..... help them to repair things themselves.’ So, the next time you have something that’s broken, why not look out (23)..... a repair event near you?

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET!

This week's competition

Do people pay attention to giving gifts? Is it always necessary to give gifts? When do people give gifts in Russia? What kind of gifts do they give?

Write **an article** sharing your ideas. The best articles will be published on our website.

Write **180-250 words**.